

CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

25X1A

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

REPORT NO. [REDACTED]

## INFORMATION REPORT

CD NO. *Jul 23*

COUNTRY China/Indochina

DATE DISTR. 21 March 1951

SUBJECT Sino-Viet Minh Liaison

NO. OF PAGES 2

PLACE ACQUIRED [REDACTED] 25X1A

NO. OF ENCLS. (LISTED BELOW)

TURN TO CIA  
LIBRARY

DATE OF INFO. [REDACTED] 25X1A

SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO. 25X1X

25X1X

1. At recent meetings of the Sino-Soviet Joint Commission, Chinese Communists have seldom talked about the liberation of Taiwan, Indochina and Hong Kong. Veteran Communist cadres claim that the liberation of these places is a matter of course if and when Americans in Korea are defeated. It is certain that there will be no military operations against the three places until the conclusion of the war in Korea.
2. The Chinese Communist Government has not stopped giving support to the Viet Minh, and the methods used have not changed, except that from now on supply of manpower will be by infiltration of volunteer forces, to obviate the tedious and burdensome training of Viet Minh Army forces. This was decided both by China and the Soviets.
3. On 23 February LIN Ping was instructed to send to the north five battalions of troops slated for the Chinese Volunteer Corps (CVC). On and after 3 March these forces entrained for the north from Kulong (Ch'uchiang - 113-33, 24-50) and Loch'ang (113-13, 24-03). Informant stated that all other troops for the CVC might soon be sent north.
4. In early March YEH Chien-ying, who was in Tsiping, wired Canton instructing that the number of troops to be withdrawn from formation of the CVC remain as ordered, but that they were to stay where they were and not concentrate for training.
5. On 2 March a wire was received in Canton ordering 222 cases of ammunition to Nankow. This ammunition was originally intended for Indochina and was

Document No. <i>12</i>		CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY	
No Change in Class. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		DISTRIBUTION	
<input type="checkbox"/> Declassified	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> STATE	<input type="checkbox"/> NSRB	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Class. Changed To: TS S C	<input type="checkbox"/> AIR	<input type="checkbox"/> FBI	<input type="checkbox"/>
Auth.: HR 70-2			
Date: <i>010878</i>		By: <i>025</i>	

BY CABLE

## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

- 2 -

part of a consignment of which the rest had already been sent. On 5 March the cases of ammunition were sent to Hankow.

6. The recent dispatch to the north of LIN Ping's men and 222 cases of ammunition was a matter of expediency because the 4 Field Army (FA) has suffered heavy losses of men and materiel. It does not represent a change in policy toward Indochina. Further supplies of ammunition in Canton are still awaiting delivery to the Viet Minh.
7. Russian rocket guns have been delivered in two shipments to forces of the 2 FA under CHEN Keng in Indochina. These rockets are known as "Stalin organs."
8. Another army of the 2 FA under CHEN Keng is being sent from Yunnan to take over garrison duties on the Kwangtung-Kwangsi border, because, since February, much of the 4 FA there has been sent to Manchuria, and a division of the 3 FA sent to the Kwangtung-Fukien coastal area.

25X1A \*\*\* [REDACTED] Comment. Presumably this is the Chinese People's Anti-French and Support Indochina Volunteer Army, on which details were given in [REDACTED].

25X1A

25X1A \*\*\*\* [REDACTED] Comment. See [REDACTED] concerning CHEN's troops in Indochina.

25X1A

25X1A \*\*\*\* [REDACTED]. Presumably these are Katushas. See [REDACTED] from [REDACTED] concerning a shipment on 30 December of 40 Katushas to the Viet Minh.